



MAKE YOUR TEXT ACCESSIBLE

Make hashtags easier to read by capitalizing the first letter of each word in a hashtag. Avoid typing in all caps. Avoid technical jargon. Use special characters correctly, and in moderation. Avoid creative and frilly fonts.





BE MINDFUL OF EMOJIS

Screen reading technologies will read emojis aloud in the middle of sentences, obscuring or changing the meaning. Use emojis at the end of a sentence/post, and not throughout.





ADD CLOSED CAPTIONS & SUBTITLES TO VIDEOS

Captions make videos accessible for a variety of users. Ensure captions aren't covered by platform content. Make sure your captions are visible against your background.





MAKE YOUR VISUAL CONTENT ACCESSIBLE

Avoid packing a graphic with text. If you post a video with strobe effects or flashing lights, include a warning and create a pause before your content plays. Before jumping on trends, consider how they would be read by a screen reader.







USE COLORS THAT PROVIDE MAXIMUM CONTRAST

Include enough contrast between text/content and the background, so that text and non-decorative images are legible for anyone with low vision or color deficiencies.





ADD ALT TEXT TO ALL POSTS CONTAINING IMAGES.

Alternative Text is a written description of an image. Adding Alt Text to all posts containing an image makes these posts accessible to those using screen readers.



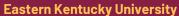
ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

- 1. Disability: IN- "Creating Accessible Social Media Content GAAD Toolkit"
- 2. Higher Ed Dive- "How can public colleges prepare for ADA digital accessibility requirements?"
- 3. Sprout Social- "8 guidelines to make social media posts more accessible"
- 4. Access Living- "A Guide to Basic Accessibility on Social Media"











- E1/11

